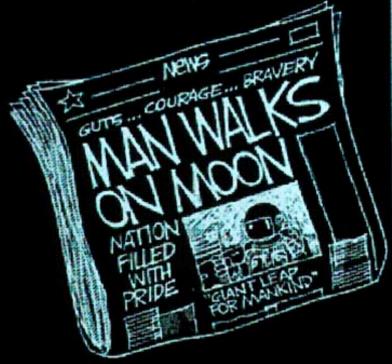
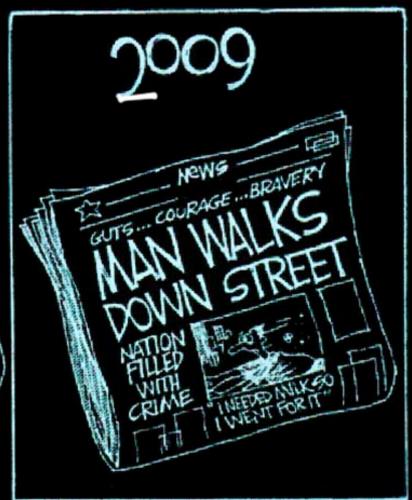
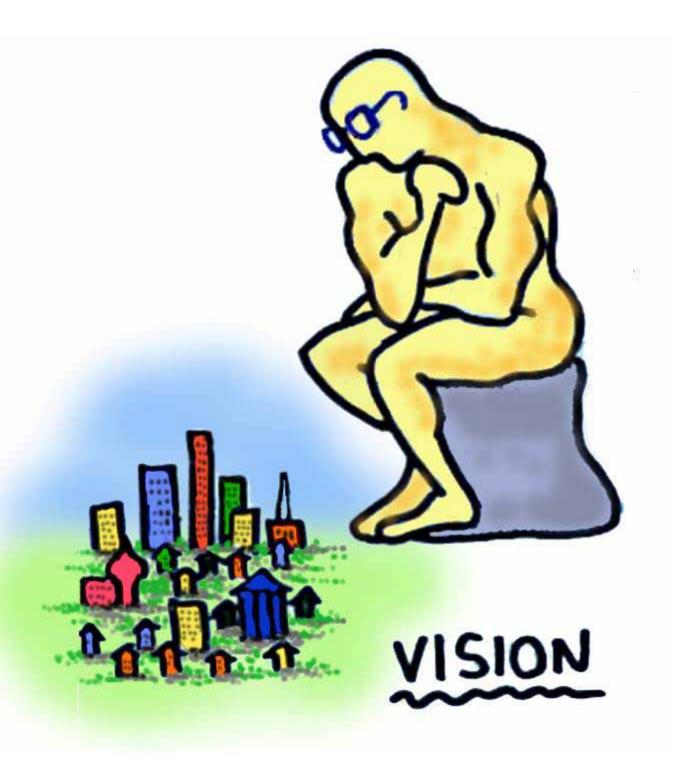
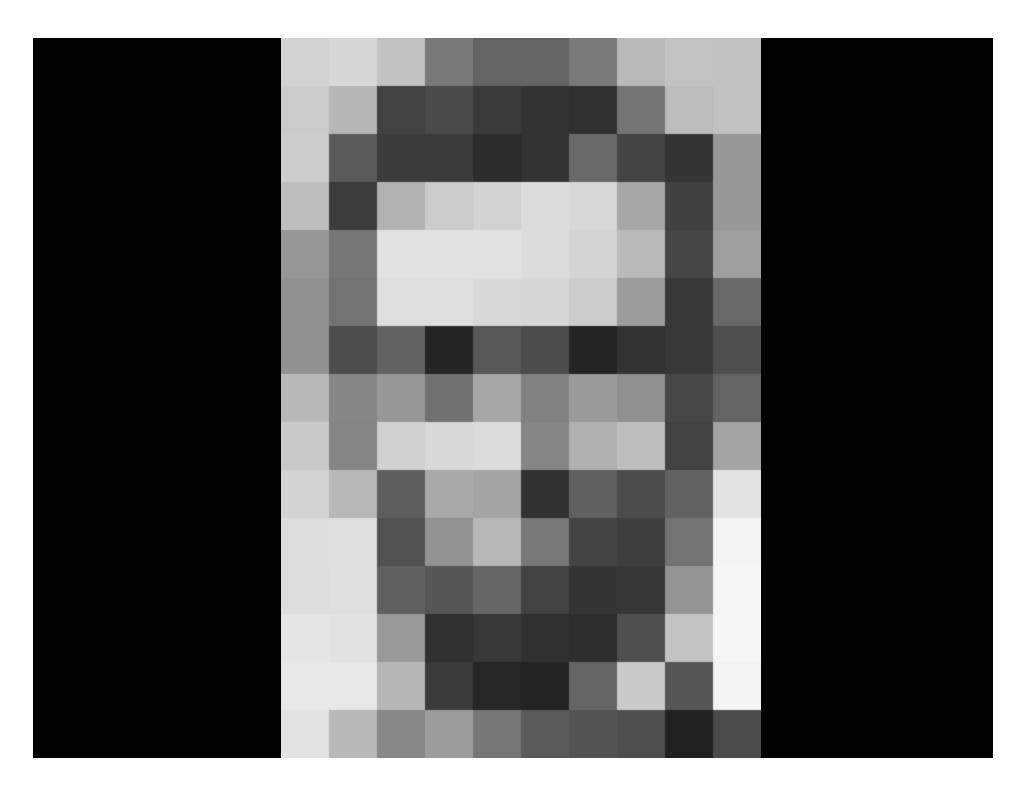
40th Anniversary of Walk

1969

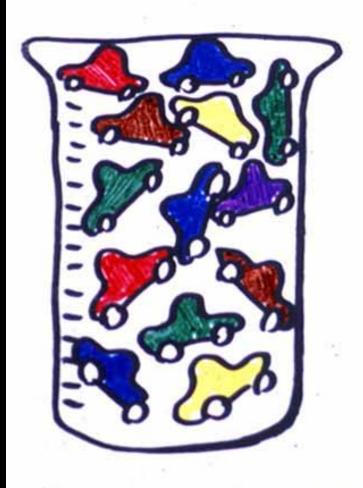








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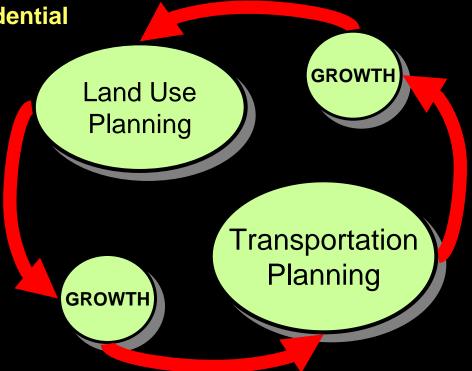


CAPACITY OF

Conventional Development Cycle

INPUTS

- Auto Oriented Business
- Single Use Zoning
- Single Family Residential



OUTCOMES

- Wider Roads
- Induced Traffic
- More Traffic

INPUTS

- •Traffic Demand Forecasting
- Congestion
- •LOS

OUTCOMES

- •Isolated Neighborhoods
- •Multiple Automobile Trips
- Poor Mobility
- Difficult Walking

Healthy Development Cycle

INPUTS

- Diversity of Business
- Mixed Use Zoning
- Diversity of Residential Units
- Context Sensitive Design
- Community Involvement



OUTCOMES

- Healthy Neighborhoods
- Choices of Transportation
- More Open Space
- Sense of Place
- Sense of Community



OUTCOMES

- More Walking & Bicycling
- Increased Access

WHY DO CITIES ?



ACCESS

MOBILITY



galleries

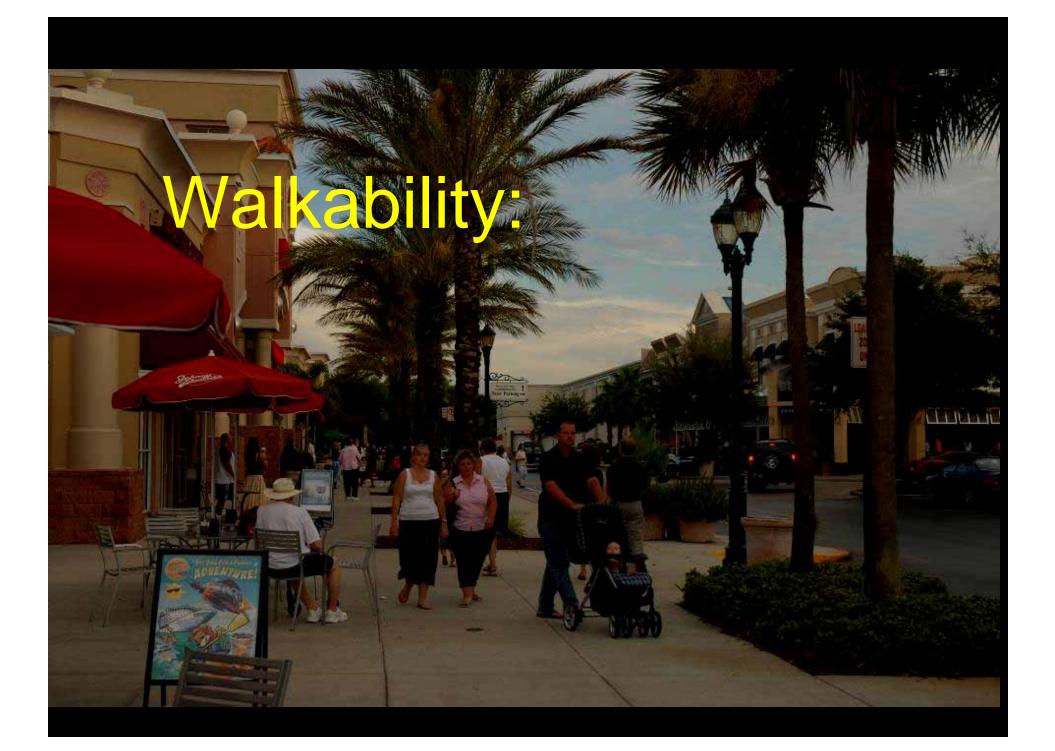


shopping

theater

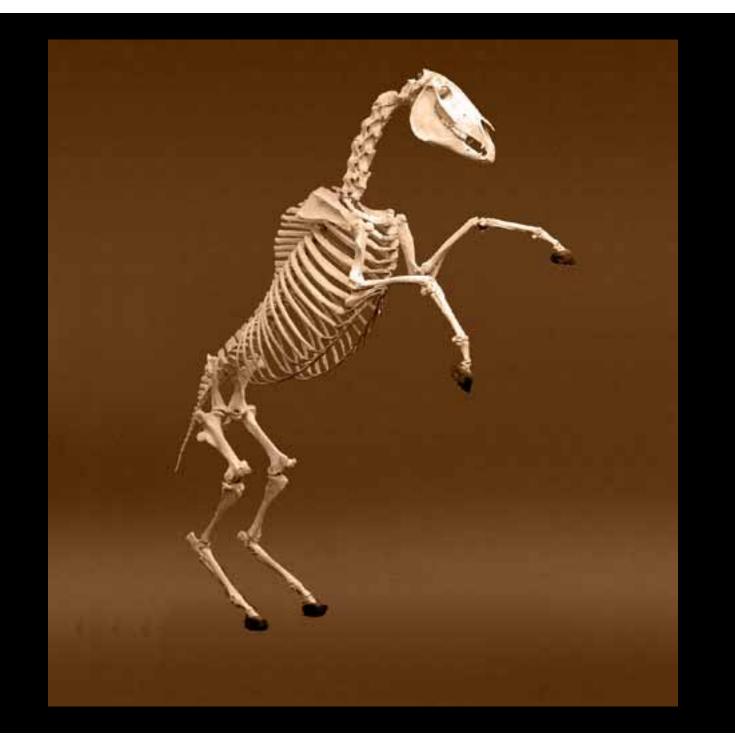
KINGSTON

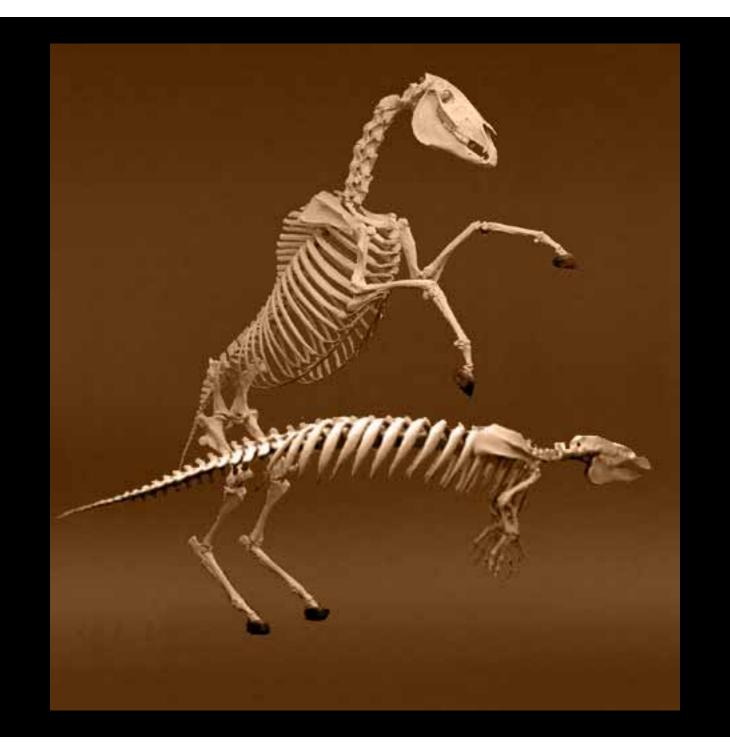


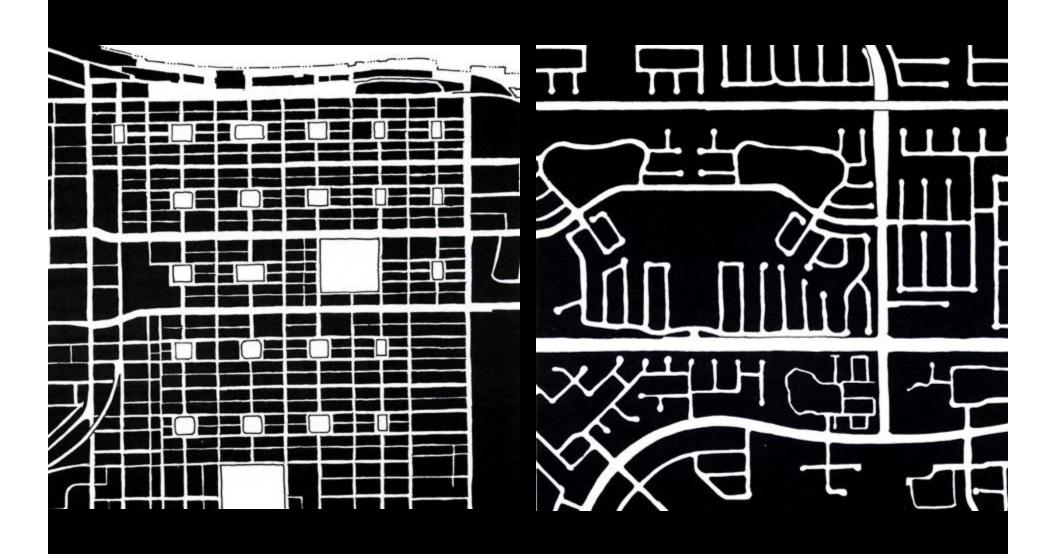


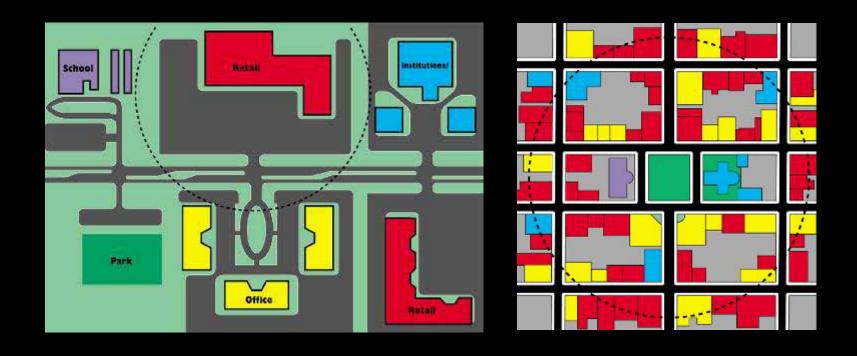


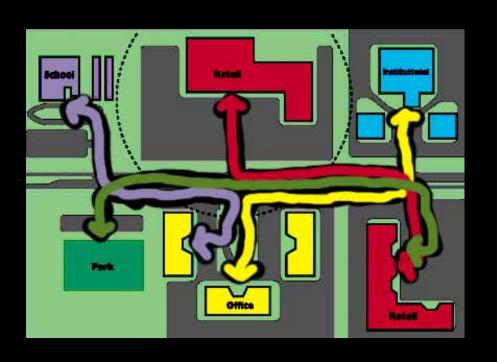


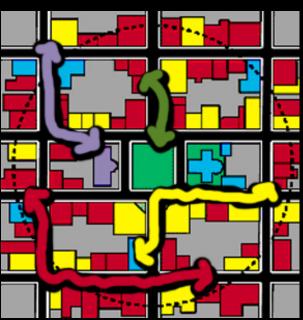






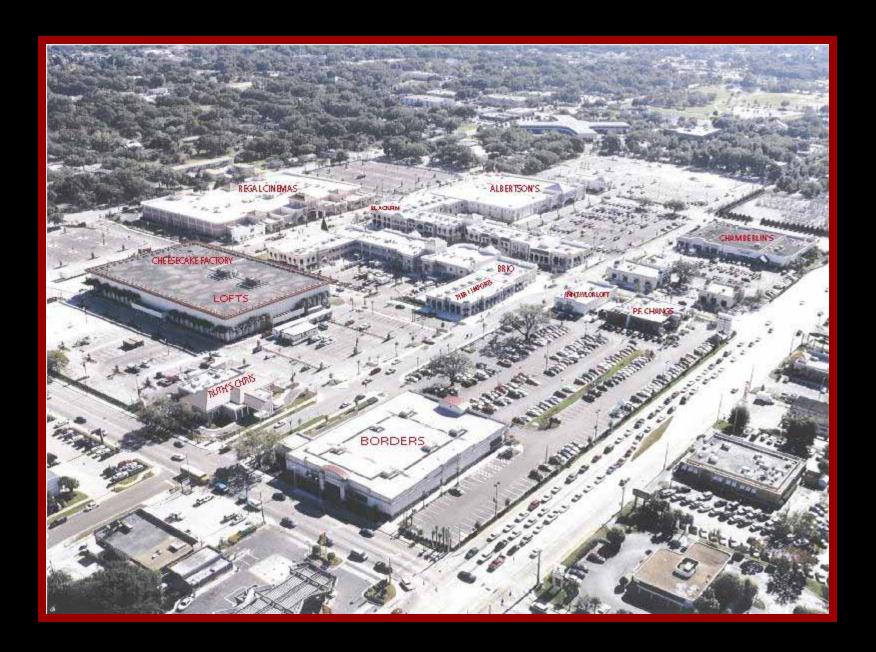




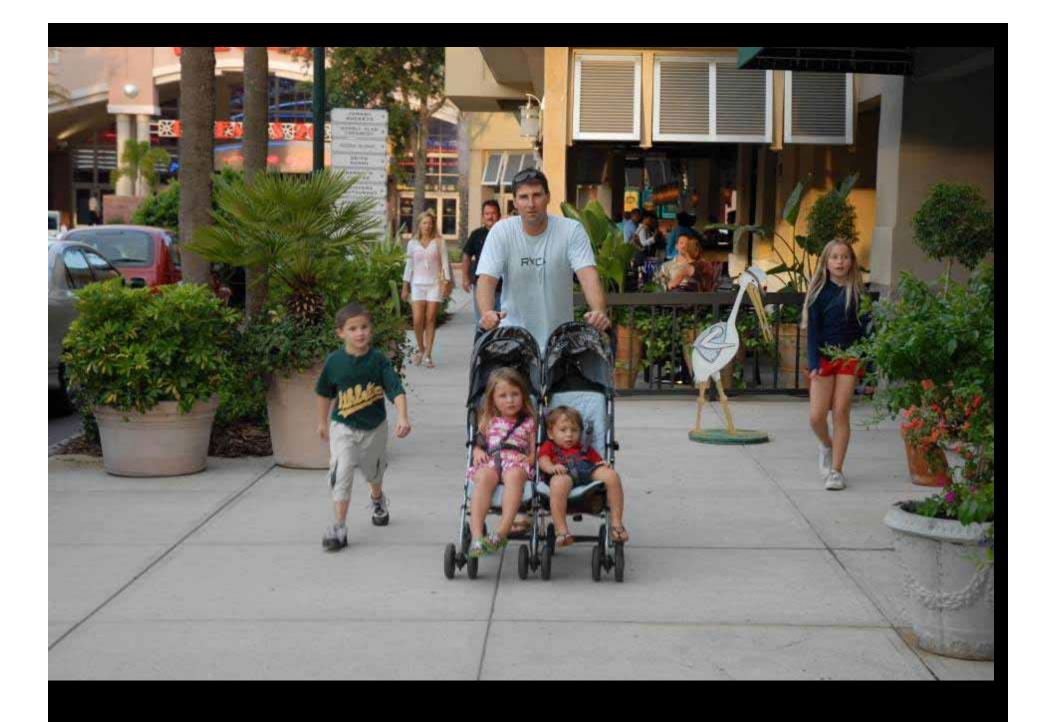








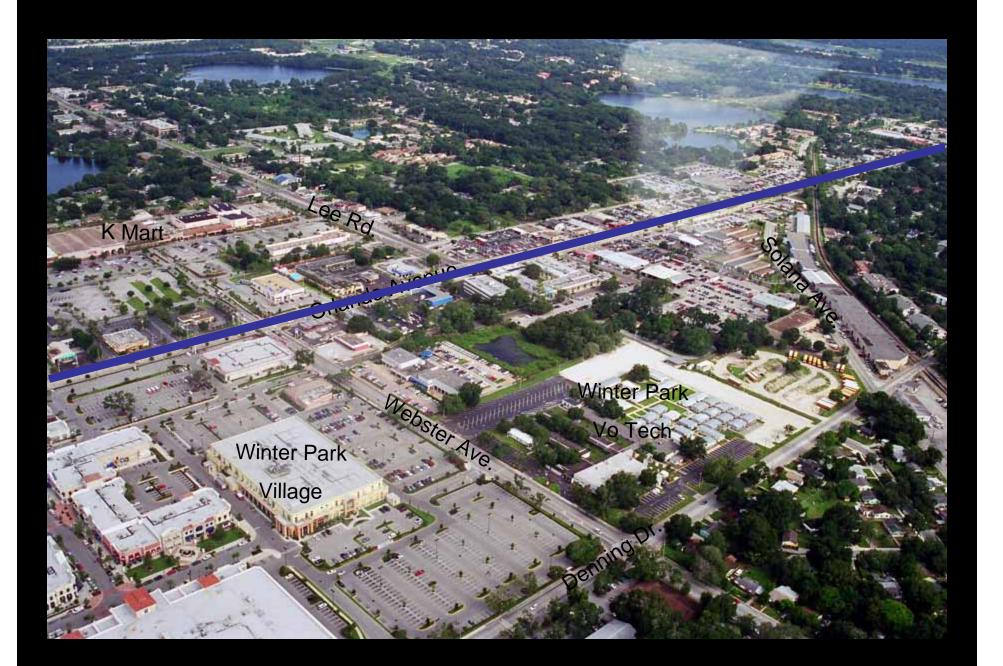








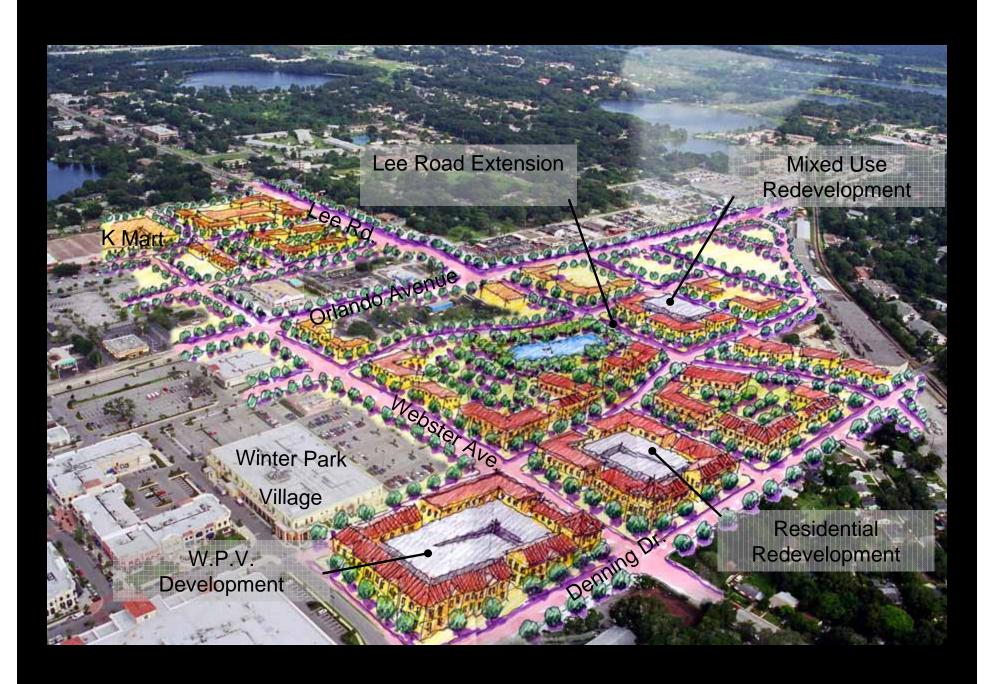
















































































Trip Type	% By Trip Type

Work 18.0%

Work Related 2.6%

Shopping 20.2%

Doctors & Dentist 1.5%

Family & Personal 24.2%

Church & School 8.8%

Social Recreational 24.5%

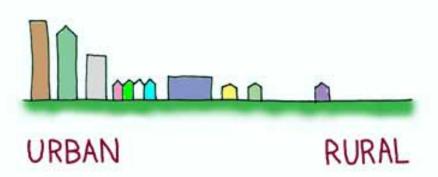
Other 0.2%

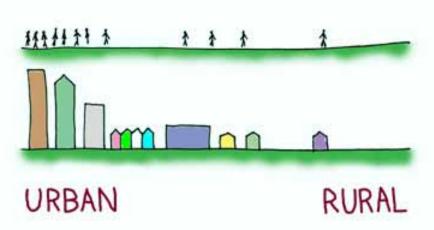
100.0%

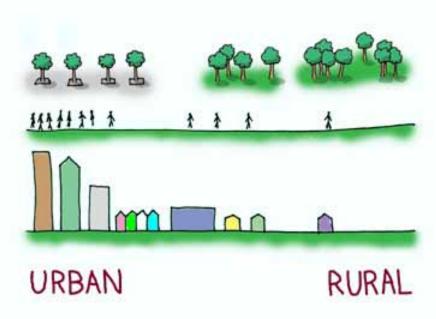
Source: Federal Highway Administration & New York Times

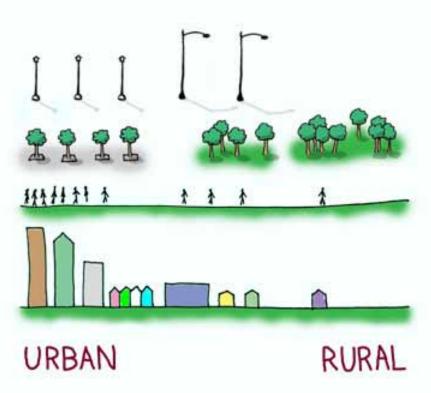


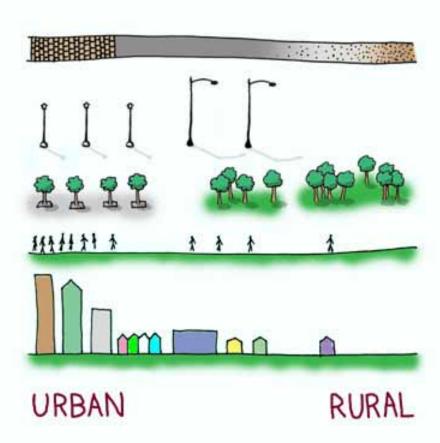


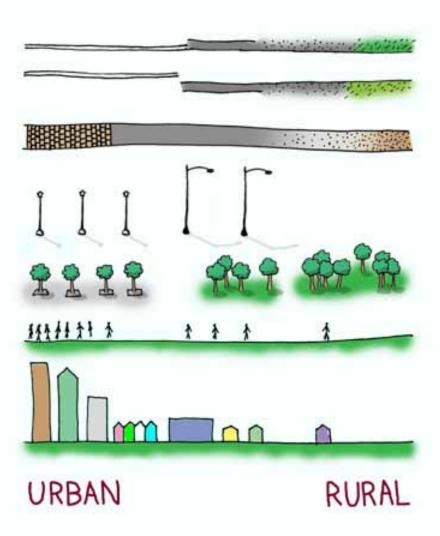


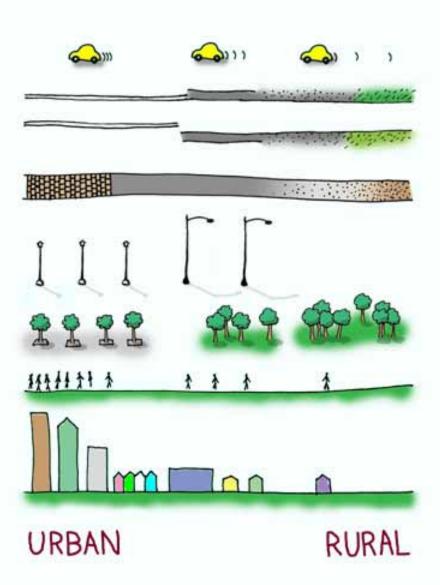


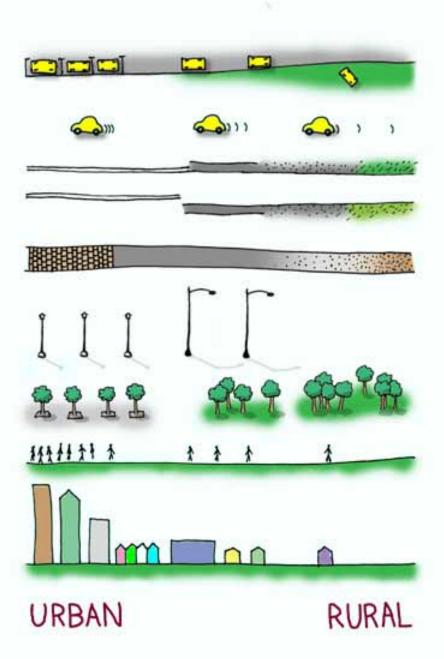


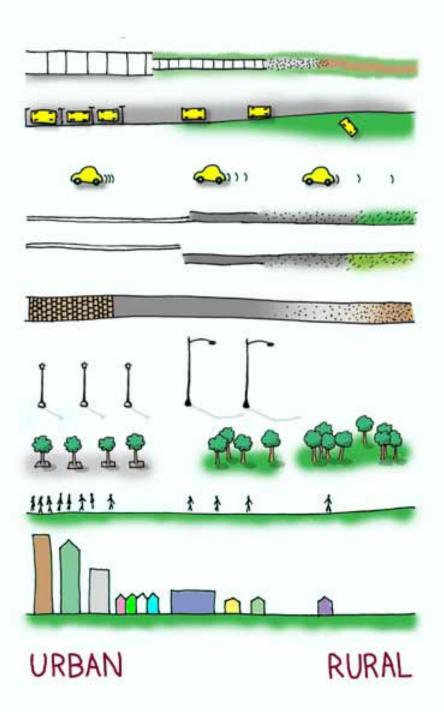




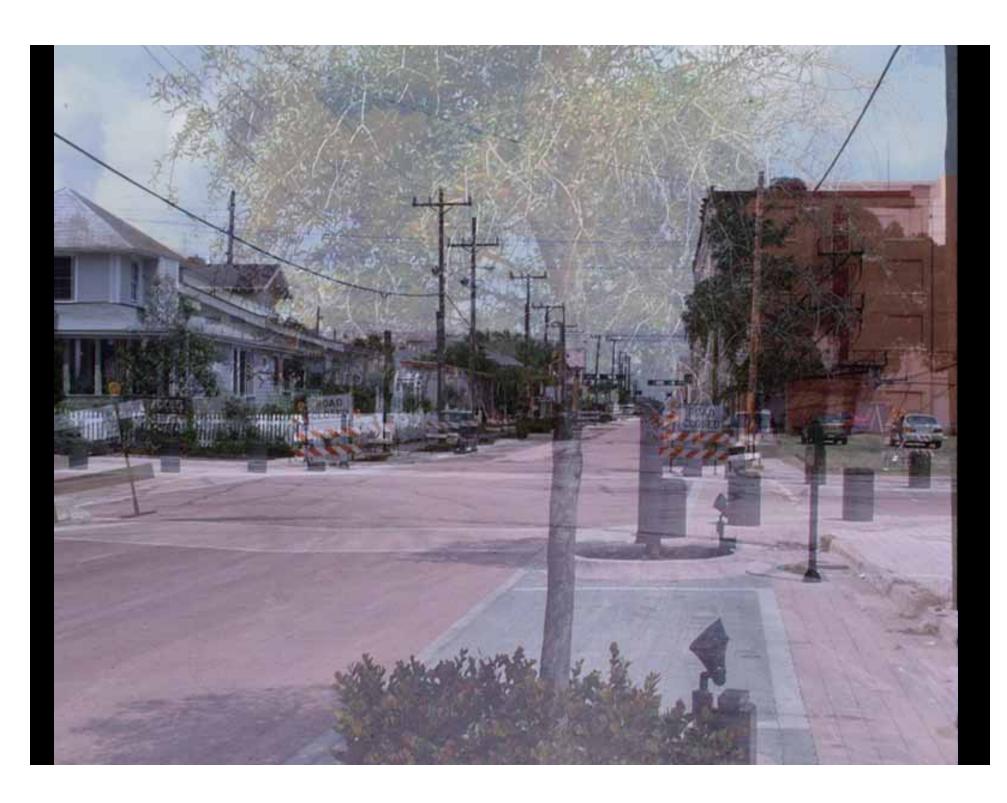


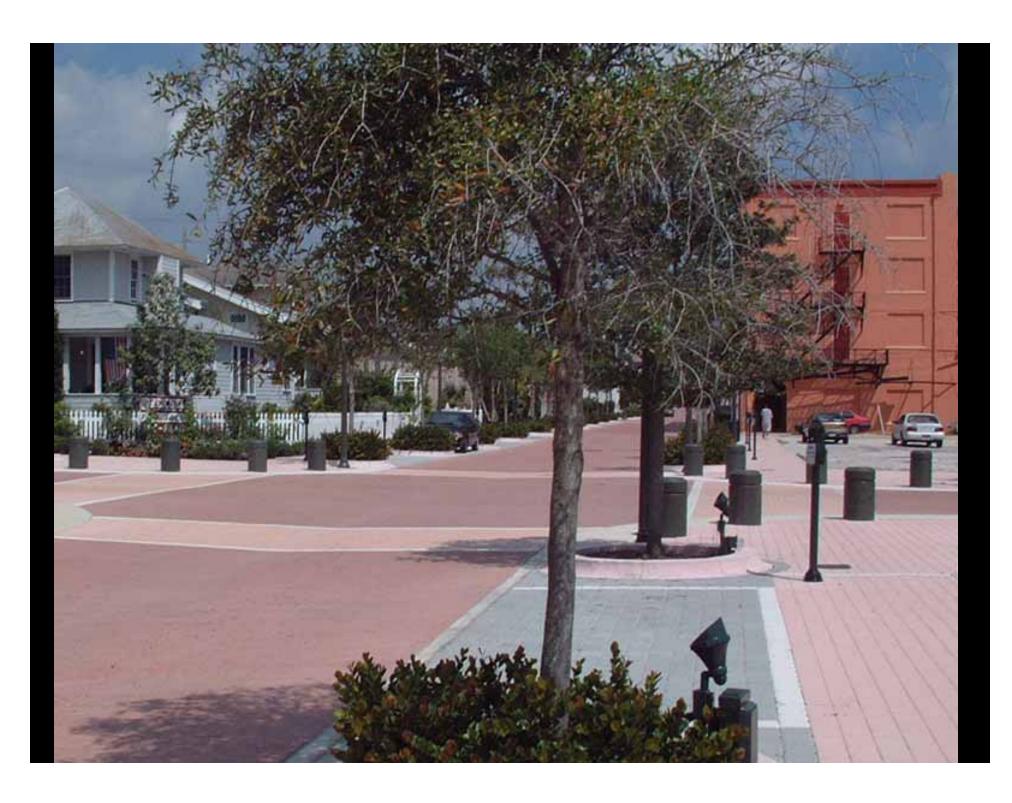












Cedar Street Existing



Cedar Street 3 Lane





